FORT EDWARD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL REPORT JUNE 30, 2021



# FORT EDWARD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the President and Members of the Board of Education of the Fort Edward Union Free School District

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Fort Edward Union Free School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Fort Edward Union Free School District as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 8 to the financial statements, in 2020/2021, the District adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Going Concern

As discussed in Note 7 to the financial statements, the District is experiencing declining enrollment and growing financial strain. Additionally, the District operated under a contingency budget during the year. As a result, the District made spending cuts and drew upon its financial reserves. The District's voters approved the 2021/2022 school budget which allowed the District to restore prior year spending cuts, including certain academic and extracurricular programs. The District will have to heavily rely on the willingness of the taxpayers to provide the revenue needed to maintain the programs and services currently offered. Our opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis on pages A1-A7, budgetary comparison information on pages C1 and C2, schedule of changes in total OPEB liability on page C3, schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) on page C4, and schedules of district contributions on page C5 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

#### Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Fort Edward Union Free School District's basic financial statements. The supplemental information on pages D1 – D3 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards on page F3 is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplemental information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental information and schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 8, 2021, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Marvin and Company, P.C.

Latham, NY November 8, 2021

The following discussion and analysis of the Fort Edward Union Free School District's (District) financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here, in conjunction with information provided in the financial statements.

#### Financial Highlights

- The District's financial status declined during the 2020-2021 school year. Total net position from operations decreased by \$568,000 over the course of the year.
- Overall general fund revenues were \$11.4 million, approximately \$1.8 million more than expenses.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

The District's annual report consists of five parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, supplemental information, and the single audit section. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are *District-wide financial statements* that provide both *short-term* and *long-term* information about the District's *overall* financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the District-wide statements.
  - o The *governmental funds statements* tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the *short term* as well as what remains for future spending.
  - o *Fiduciary funds* statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a *trustee* or *agent* for the benefit of others.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary and supplemental information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year.

#### **District-wide Statements**

The *District-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the assets of the District changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. retirement system liabilities and earned but unused vacation leave).

The District-wide financial statements can be found on pages B1 and B2 of this report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A *fund* is a group of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

- Governmental funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the District-wide statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Fiduciary funds: The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the
  student activities funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these
  funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The
  District excludes these activities from the District-wide financial statements because it cannot use
  these assets to finance its operations.

#### **District-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, liabilities exceeded assets by approximately \$6,402,000 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

#### Net position (in thousands of dollars)

Governmental Activities	6/30/21	6/30/20
Current and other assets Capital assets Net pension asset	\$ 3,931 13,224 -	\$ 2,235 13,801 676
Total assets	\$ 17,155	\$ 16,712
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 7,391	\$ 6,703
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities Net pension liability	\$ 1,568 27,817 701	\$ 1,880 25,940 463
Total liabilities	\$ 30,086	\$ 28,283
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 924	\$ 1,074
Net position Net investment in capital assets	\$ 6,443	\$ 6,062
Restricted	1,137	504
Unrestricted  Total net position	\$ (14,044) (6,464)	\$ (12,508) (5,942)

The District has earmarked funds for the following purposes:

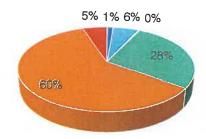
- Reserve for encumbrances of \$15,800. Net position within the General fund is reserved to pay for commitments at June 30 that will be reappropriated during the subsequent fiscal year.
- Reserve for Employee Benefit Accrued Liabilities of \$562,042. The District will use these funds to pay
  accrued employee benefits due upon termination of the employee's service.
- Reserve for Unemployment Insurance of \$55,009. The District will use this to pay for unemployment claims.
- Retirement Contribution Reserve of \$150,000. The District will use these funds to pay retirement incentives.
- Insurance Reserve of \$27,000. The District will use the funds to pay insurance claims.
- Reserve for Debt of \$252,974. The District will use the funds to pay debt.
- Workers Comp Reserve of \$30,000. The District will use these funds to pay for Workers Compensation and related benefits.
- Debt Service Funds of \$15,423. The District will use these funds for debt service expenditures.

 Scholarship Funds of \$45,792. The District will use these funds for the payment of scholarships and awards to graduating students.

#### Statement of Activities (in thousands of dollars)

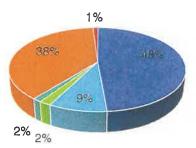
Revenues		2021	2020	
Program revenues				
Charges for services	\$	160	\$ 296	
Operating grants		674	704	
Capital grants		35	396	
General revenues				
Property taxes		3,338	3,323	
State aid		7,224	7,235	
Other	_	624	917	
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$	12,055	\$ 12,871	
Expenses				
Instruction	\$	6,126	\$ 5,146	
General support		1,129	3,215	
Debt service		231	301	
Transportation		172	298	
Employee benefits		4,820	5,462	
Other	<u>-</u>	145	 326	
Total Expenses	\$	12,623	\$ 14,748	
Decrease in net position	\$	(568)	\$ (1,877)	

#### Sources of Revenues for Fiscal Year 2021



Charges for Services
Operating Grants
Capital Grants
Property Taxes
State Aid
Other

### **Expenses for Fiscal Year 2021**



- Instruction
- General Support
- Debt Service
- Transportation
- Employee Benefits
- Other

#### Revenue

In the 2020-21 year, revenue decreased by \$816,000, or 6.33%. State aid increased by \$11,000 and overall property taxes increased by \$15,000. Operating grants decreased by \$30,000 which was primarily due to decreased funding related to federal awards.

Charges for services includes tuition for out of district students enrolled in special education programs in the District. Students are enrolled as space is available. In 2020-21 there were less students from other districts being served by the District.

#### **Expenses**

The District as a whole had a decrease in expenses of \$2,125,000 or 14.41% compared to 2020. Employee Benefits decreased by \$642,000.

#### Financial Analysis of The District's Funds

As explained earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The General fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the fiscal year, cash and investments totaled \$2,329,793, comprising 59.2% of total assets for the General Fund. \$1,121,215 of these funds are held to fund reserves established by the District.

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the year, final revenues were over the revised budgetary estimates by \$290,702, primarily due to miscellaneous revenues. Expenditures and encumbrances were within budgetary estimates by \$1,654,888 or 17.2%.

Real Property Taxes and Tax Items showed underbudgeted interest and penalties collected from taxpayers. Charges for Services includes additional revenue for special education students served at Fort Edward that reside in other Districts.

#### Capital Asset and Debt Administration

#### Capital Assets

By the end of 2021, the District had invested \$13.2 million, net of accumulated depreciation, in a broad range of capital assets, including school buildings. Total depreciation expense for the year was \$605 thousand.

The following summarizes capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, at June 30, 2021 and 2020:

	6/30/21	6/30/20
Land	\$ 8,731	\$ 8,731
Buildings and improvements	12,994,121	13,566,854
Furniture and equipment	221,077	225,363
Total Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	\$ 13,223,929	\$ 13,800,948

#### Long Term Debt

At June 30, 2021, the District had \$28.4 million in general obligation bonds and other long-term debt outstanding, an increase of \$2.0 million from last year. More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 2.B.II. to the financial statements.

The following summarizes long-term liabilities at June 30, 2021 and 2020:

		6/30/21		6/30/20
Serial Bonds	\$	5,800,000	\$	6,730,000
Bond Premium		981,110		1,095,356
Other Postemployment Benefits		20,960,802		18,195,011
Compensated Absences		769,876		850,062
Net Pension Liability, Proportionate Share	-	701,258	-	463,164
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$	29,213,046	\$	27,333,593

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

At the time these financial statements were prepared, the District was aware of the following existing circumstances which could significantly affect the District's financial position in the future.

The District is prepared to provide in-person instruction to all students.

The District is experiencing declining enrollment and growing financial strain. The District's voters supported the 2021/2022 school budget. As a result, the District has seen the reinstatement of certain academic and extracurricular programs. Federal grants have also allowed some part time positions to be increased to full time positions for the next two-to-three years.

A formal merger study between the District and South Glens Falls Central School District has ended.

#### Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, contact:

Business Manager Sharlene Petro-Durgan Franklin-Essex-Hamilton BOCES 23 Husky Lane Malone, NY 12953 Plattsburgh, NY 12901 Phone: (518) 483-6420 ext. 1051

OR

Business Office
Fort Edward Union Free
School District
220 Broadway
Fort Edward, NY 12828
Phone: (518) 747-4872

#### FORT EDWARD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

#### **ASSETS**

Current Assets		
Cash	\$	1,231,296
Restricted Cash		336,616
Restricted Investments		797,059
Accounts Receivable		26,221
State and Federal Aid Receivable		1,532,190
Inventories		7,820
Capital Assets, net		13,223,929
Total Assets		17,155,131
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Other Post Employment Benefits		4,605,648
Pensions		2,785,290
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		7,390,938
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	24,546,069
LIABILITIES	~, <del>==</del>	
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	\$	286,610
Accrued Liabilities		120,767
Bond Interest Accrued		26,710
Due to Other Governments		582
Due to Teachers' Retirement System		340,447
Due to Employees' Retirement System		12,494
Other Liabilities		9,291
Refundable Advances		75,958
Long-Term Liabilities - Due and Payable Within One Year		
Bonds and Installment Debt		695,000
Long-Term Liabilities - Due and Payable After One Year		
Bonds and Installment Debt		5,105,000
Unamortized Bond Premium		981,110
Compensated Absences		769,876
Other Postemployment Benefits Payable		20,960,802
Net Pension Liability, Proportionate Share	-	701,258
Total Liabilities		30,085,905
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Pensions		923,591
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		923,591
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		6,442,827
Restricted		1,136,638
Unrestricted		(14,042,892)
Total Net Position		(6,463,427)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,		
and Net Position	\$	24,546,069
	*===	

#### FORT EDWARD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

			Program Revenues							Net (Expense)
		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating <u>Grants</u>		Capital <u>Grants</u>		Revenue and Change in Net Position
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS										
General support	\$	1,128,881	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(1,128,881)
Instruction		6,125,913		154,553		513,978		34,840		(5,422,542)
Pupil transportation		171,891		-		-		-		(171,891)
Community service		4,000		-		-		-		(4,000)
Employee benefits		4,819,664		-		-		-		(4,819,664)
Debt service		231,167		-		-		-		(231,167)
School lunch program	0.5	141,402	-	5,442	-	159,721	i <del>ll</del>	-	2	23,761
Total Functions/Programs	\$	12,622,918	\$_	159,995	\$	673,699	\$	34,840		(11,754,384)
GENERAL REVENUES										
Real property taxes										2,629,843
Other tax items										708,203
Use of money and property										124,830
State sources										7,223,622
Federal sources										215,887
Miscellaneous									-	284,506
Total General Revenues										11,186,891
Change in Net Position										(567,493)
Total Net Position - Beginning of	Year, As	Previously Repo	orted							(5,941,726)
Cumulative Effect of Change in Ad	ccountin	g Principle (Note	e 8)							45,792
Total Net Position - Beginning of	Year, As	Restated								(5,895,934)
Total Net Position - End of Year									\$	(6,463,427)

#### FORT EDWARD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	General Fund	Special Aid Fund	School Lunch Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Assets	Fune	Tuna	ruitu	Tulid	- I dild	Tulius
Unrestricted Cash	\$ 1,208,578	\$ -	\$ 22,718	\$ -	\$ \$	1,231,296
Restricted Cash	324,162	-	-	2	12,452	336,616
Temporary Investments						
Investments in Securities-Restricted	797,053	•	-	6	-	797,059
State and Federal Receivable, net	925,339	344,010	34,510	228,331	-	1,532,190
Due From Other Funds	653,105	-	-	23,760	2,971	679,836
Accounts Receivable	26,221	-	- 7,820	-	•	26,221 7,820
Inventories		-	7,020	·		7,020
Total Assets	\$ 3,934,458	\$ 344,010	\$ 65,048	\$252,099	\$\$	4,611,038
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	\$ 216,635	\$ 61,022	\$ 8,953	\$ -	\$ - \$	286,610
Accrued Liabilities	115,376	5,391	-	-	-	120,767
Due to Other Funds	136,797	280,511	-	262,528	-	679,836
Due to Other Governments	-	582	-	•	-	582
Due to Teachers' Retirement System	340,447	Œ	-	-	-	340,447
Due to Employees' Retirement System	12,494	-	-	-	-	12,494
Other Liabilities	9,291	5	•	-	-	9,291
Refundable Advances	75,000	-	958	·	-	75,958
Total Liabilities	906,040	347,506	9,911	262,528		1,525,985
Fund Equity						
Fund Equity:						
Non-spendable	-	-	7,820	-	-	7,820
Restricted	1,121,215	-	-	-	15,423	1,136,638
Assigned	15,800	(3,496)	47,317	-	-	59,621
Unassigned	1,891,403			(10,429)		1,880,974
Total Fund Equity	3,028,418	(3,496)	55,137	(10,429)	15,423	3,085,053
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$ 3,934,458	\$344,010	\$65,048	\$252,099	\$15,423 \$	4,611,038
Amounts reported for governmental activ	ities in the statemer	nt of net position are	different due to the fo	llowing:		
Total Governmental Fund Equity per about	ve				\$	3,085,053
Capital assets used in governmental ac	tivities are not finan	cial				
resources and therefore are not report						13,223,929
Government funds report the effect of pridebt is first issued, whereas these am				5.		(981,110)
Accrued interest expense is reported ur	nder the accrual bas	sis.				(26,710)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds pa	avable, installment i	ourchase debt.				
compensated absences and other pos- current period and, therefore, are not	stemployment bene	fits are not due and p	payable in the			(27,530,678)
Net pension liability						(701,258)
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB						4,605,648
Deferred inflows of resources - pension	s					(923,591)
Deferred outflows of resources - pension	ons					2,785,290
Net Position of Governmental Activities					\$	(6,463,427)

# FORT EDWARD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Revenues		General	12	Special Aid Fund		School Lunch Fund	2	Capital Projects Fund	5 5 <del>2</del>	Debt Service Fund	G	Total overnmental Funds
	•	0.000.040			Φ.		Φ.		\$		\$	2,629,843
Real Property Taxes	\$	2,629,843	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	Ф	-	Φ	708,203
Real Property Tax Items		708,203		-		-		-		-		154,553
Charges for Services		154,553		-		*		- 11		° 7		124,830
Use of Money and Property		124,812		-		-		11		2,970		284,506
Miscellaneous		281,536		- 24 700		5,260		34,840		2,870		7,404,090
State Sources		7,329,200		34,790				34,040		-		849,536
Federal Sources		215,887		479,188		154,461		-				5,442
Sales		<u> </u>	-	<del>-</del>		5,442	-		=		_	3,442
Total Revenues		11,444,034		513,978		165,163	-	34,851		2,977		12,161,003
Expenditures												
General Support		1,129,442		-		-		-		*		1,129,442
Instruction		5,002,022		524,989		-		-		-		5,527,011
Pupil Transportation		155,973		2,400		-		-		*		158,373
Community Services		4,000		-		_		-				4,000
Employee Benefits		2,055,987		-		1,488		-		⊕		2,057,475
Debt Service		1,278,122		100				-		-		1,278,122
Cost of Sales		-		-		141,402		-		*		141,402
Capital Outlay		<del>-</del>	12				2	34,840	8 42		9-	34,840
Total Expenditures	1	9,625,546	-	527,389		142,890	-	34,840	<del></del>	-	1.	10,330,665
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues												
Over (Under) Expenditures		1,818,488	-	(13,411)		22,273	-	11	a :=	2,977	2	1,830,338
Olley Flaggering Courses (Head)												
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Interfund Transfers, net		(9,915)		9,915		_		_		_		_
interiuna Transfers, net		(3,313)	-	0,010			7		=		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	15	(9,915)	-	9,915			1		8 12			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expendi-												
tures and Other Financing Sources (Uses)	9	1,808,573	-	(3,496)		22,273	-	11	8 2	2,977	-	1,830,338
Fund Equity - Beginning of Year, as Previously Reported		1,174,053		-		32,864		(10,440)		12,446		1,208,923
Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle (Note 8)	2.5	45,792		-			2		3 3			45,792
Fund Equity - Beginning of Year, as Restated		1,219,845		-		32,864	4	(10,440)		12,446	-	1,254,715
Fund Equity, End of Year	\$	3,028,418	\$	(3,496)	\$	55,137	\$ _	(10,429)	\$_	15,423	\$_	3,085,053

# FORT EDWARD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net changes in fund equity - total governmental funds	\$	1,830,338					
Capital outlays for the purchase of capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the statement of net position and allocated over their useful lives as depreciation expense in the statement of activities.  Depreciation expense \$ (604,568)							
Capital outlays 27,497	2	(577,071)					
Accrued interest expense does not require the expenditure of current resources and is,							
therefore, not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. The decrease in accrued interest decreases expenses in the statement of activities.		2,709					
Repayments of bond principal is an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		930,000					
Amortization of bond premium and loss on refunding bonds is an adjustment to interest expense in the statement of activities.							
Excess cost aid and BOCES aid expected to be received after the availability period are reported as deferred inflows in the governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, these amounts are recognized as revenue when awarded.		(105,578)					
Certain expenses in the statement of activities do not require the expenditure of current resources and are, therefore, not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:							
Other Postemployment Benefits (2,278,287)	)						
Compensated Absences 80,186 Adjustments for GASB 68 pension items (564,036)	).	(2,762,137)					
(es 1/888)	+	(=1, ==1, 3)					
Change in net position - governmental activities	\$	(567,493)					

# FORT EDWARD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

ASSETS		Custodial	_	Private Purpose Trusts
Cash - unrestricted	\$		\$	
	Ф	E4 E70	Φ	-
Cash - restricted		54,579		-
Due from other funds			-	
Total Assets	\$	54,579	\$ =	**
LIABILITIES				
Extraclassroom activity balances	\$	54,579	\$	•
Other liabilities	Ψ	-	*	
Cutof habilities			_	
Total Liabilities	\$	54,579	=	-
NET POSITION				
Reserved for scholarships			\$	_
110001 400 101 00110101011po			Ψ =	

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Private Purpose Trusts
ADDITIONS Gifts and contributions Investment earnings	\$	-
Total Additions	2	
<b>DEDUCTIONS</b> Scholarships and awards	9	<u>-</u>
Change in Net Position		-
Net Position - Beginning of year, As Previously Reported		45,792
Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle (Note 8)		(45,792)
Net Position - Beginning of Year, As Restated		<del>-</del>
Net Position - End of year	\$	-

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the Fort Edward Union Free School District ("the District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) which is the standards-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of nine members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement 39, *Component Units*. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District and its component unit. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity.

The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria, including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief review of an entity included in the District's reporting entity. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the District adopted provisions of GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities for accounting and reporting purposes. As a result of applying this guidance, the District accounts for the student organization funds within the custodial fund.

#### The Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The extraclassroom activity funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The extraclassroom activity funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. Cash balances are reported in the Custodial Fund of the District. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the extraclassroom activity funds can be found at the District's business office, located at 220 Broadway, Fort Edward, New York.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### B. Joint Venture

The District is a component district of the Washington Saratoga Warren Hamilton Essex Counties Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that share planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under Section 1950 of the Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of 1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (Section 1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under Section 119-n(a) of the General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, programs, and capital costs. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law, Section 1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the District was billed \$1,949,456 for BOCES administrative and program costs. The District's share of BOCES Aid amounted to \$838,982. Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office.

#### C. Basis of Presentation

#### District-wide statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, State aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and nonexchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column, if any, reflects capital-specific grants.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to the particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### C. Basis of Presentation

#### Fund financial statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The District reports the following major funds:

#### I. Governmental Funds

#### General Fund

The General Fund is the principal operating fund and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### Special Aid Fund

These funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and state grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes and other activities whose funds are restricted as to use. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties.

#### School Lunch Fund

Used to account for transactions of lunch and breakfast programs.

#### Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and report financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction or renovation of major capital facilities and equipment.

#### **Debt Service Fund**

This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental activities. When a capital asset is sold and all or a portion of the bonds used to finance the capital asset are outstanding, this fund must be used to account for the proceeds from the sale of capital assets up to the balance of related bonds outstanding.

#### II. Fiduciary Funds

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the District adopted provisions of GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve the guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes. See Note 8 of the financial statements for the impact of the implementation on the financial statements.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### C. Basis of Presentation

#### Fund financial statements

#### II. Fiduciary Funds

This fund is used to account for fiduciary activities. Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements because their resources do not belong to the District and are not available to be used.

There are two classes of fiduciary funds:

#### a. Private Purpose Trust Funds

These funds are used to account for trust arrangements in which principal and income benefits individuals, private organizations or other governments. Established criteria govern the use of the funds and members of the District or representatives of the donors may serve on committees to determine who benefits.

#### b. Custodial Funds

These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations.

#### D. Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus

#### General Information

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The District-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within one year after the end of the fiscal year.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### D. Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus

#### General Information

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, pensions, compensated absences, and postemployment benefits which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

#### E. Refundable Advances

Refundable advances arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both recognition criteria are met, or when the District has legal claim to the resources, the liability for refundable advances is removed and revenue is recognized.

#### F. Property Taxes

#### I. Calendar

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1, and became a lien on August 11, 2020. Taxes were collected during the period September 1 through November 2, 2020.

#### II. Enforcement

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by Washington County in which the District is located. An amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the county for enforcement is paid by the county to the District no later than the forthcoming April 1.

#### G. Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these Notes.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### H. Budgetary Procedures and Budgetary Accounting

#### I. Budget Policies

The budget policies are as follows:

- a. The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the General Fund.
- b. The proposed appropriation budget for the General Fund is approved by the voters within the District.
- c. Appropriations are adopted at the program level.
- d. Appropriations established by adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse during the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not located in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need which exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. The following supplemental appropriations occurred during the current year:
  - \$65,003 Employee Benefit Accrued Liabilities Reserve from appropriated fund balance.
  - \$58,784 Donations received.
- e. Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.
- f. Budgets are established and used for individual capital project expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### H. Budgetary Procedures and Budgetary Accounting

#### II. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as restrictions or assignments of fund equity and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

#### III. Budget Basis of Accounting

Under GASB No. 34, budgetary comparison information is required to be presented for the general fund and each major special revenue fund with a legally adopted budget. The District is not legally required to adopt a budget for its special revenue funds. Therefore, budget comparison information for special revenue funds is not included in the District's financial statements.

#### I. Cash and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and demand deposits.

The District's investment policies are governed by State statutes. District monies must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The treasurer is authorized to use demand accounts and certificates of deposit. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements, and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by Federal Deposit Insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and School Districts. Investments are stated at fair value. Certificates of deposit, if any, are classified as investments in these financial statements.

#### J. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are shown gross with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

#### K. Inventories

Inventories of food and supplies in the school lunch fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or, in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase and are considered immaterial in amount.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### L. Interfund Transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditure and revenues to provide financing or other services.

In the district-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds, with the exception of those due from or to the fiduciary funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note 2.A.II. for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures and revenues activity.

#### M. Equity Classifications

District-wide Statements

In the District-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

Net investment in capital assets - consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) increased by unspent proceeds reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position - reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position - reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the District.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### M. Equity Classifications

**Fund Statements** 

In the fund basis statements there are five classifications of fund equity:

**Non-spendable** - Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be the maintained intact. Non-spendable fund equity includes the inventory recorded in the School Lunch Fund of \$7,820.

**Restricted** - includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of all other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District has established the following restricted fund equity:

#### Employee Benefits Accrued Liabilities Reserve

According to General Municipal Law §6-p, must be used for the payment of accrued employee benefits due to an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

#### **Debt Service**

According to General Municipal Law Section 6-I, the Mandatory Reserve for Debt Service must be established for the purpose of retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of District property or capital improvement that was financed by obligation that remain outstanding at the time of sale. The funding of the reserve is from the proceeds of the sale of School District property or capital improvements. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund and in the Debt Service Fund.

#### Insurance

According to General Municipal Law Section 6-n, this reserve must be used to pay liability, casualty and other types of losses, except losses incurred for which the following types of insurance may be purchased: life, accident, health, annuities, fidelity and surety, credit, title residual value and mortgage guarantee. In addition, this reserve may not be used for any purpose for which a special reserve may be established pursuant to law (for example, unemployment compensation insurance). The reserve may be established by Board action, and funded by budgetary appropriations, or such other funds as may be legally appropriated. There is no limit on the amount that may be accumulated in the Insurance Reserve; however, the annual contribution to this reserve may not exceed the greater of \$33,000 or 5% of the budget. Settled or compromised claims up to \$25,000 may be paid from the reserve without judicial approval. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### M. Equity Classifications

**Fund Statements** 

#### **Retirement Contributions**

According to General Municipal Law Section 6-r, must be used for financing retirement contributions including employee and teachers' retirement. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund. Effective April 1, 2019, a Board may adopt a resolution establishing a sub-fund for contributions to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System. During a fiscal year, the Board may authorize payment into the sub-fund of up to 2% of the total covered salaries paid during the preceding fiscal year, with the total amount funded not to exceed 10% of the total covered salaries during the preceding fiscal year. The sub-fund is separately administered, but must comply with all the existing provisions of General Municipal Law §6-r. \$75,000 of this reserve is restricted for the employee's retirement system and the remaining \$75,000 is restricted for the teacher's retirement system. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

#### Unemployment Insurance Reserve

According to General Municipal Law §6-m, must be used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

#### Workers' Compensation

According to General Municipal Law §6-j, must be used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

#### Scholarship Fund

Restricted for scholarships for students that meet specified criteria. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### M. Equity Classifications

**Fund Statements** 

Restricted fund equity includes the following:

General Fund:		
Employee Benefits Accrued Liabilities	\$	562,042
Debt		252,974
Insurance		27,000
Unemployment Insurance		55,009
Retirement Contributions		150,000
Workers' Compensation		30,000
Scholarship Fund	_	44,190
Total Restricted Fund Equity - General Fund		1,121,215
Debt Service Fund:		
Debt Service		15,423
Total Restricted Fund Equity	\$	1,136,638

**Committed** - Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's highest level of decision making authority, i.e., the Board of Education. The District has no committed fund equity as of June 30, 2021.

Assigned - Includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The purpose of the constraint must be narrower than the purpose of the General Fund, and in funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the residual amount of fund balance. Assigned fund equity also includes an amount appropriated to partially fund the subsequent year's budget, as well as encumbrances not classified as restricted as the end of the fiscal year. Fund equity of the School Lunch Fund of \$47,317 is considered assigned. All encumbrances of the General Fund are classified as Assigned Fund Equity in the General Fund. Encumbrances reported in the General Fund amounted to \$15,800. There was no appropriated fund equity in the General Fund at the end of the year.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### M. Equity Classifications

**Fund Statements** 

#### Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments of expenditures are recorded for budgetary control purposes in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is employed as a control in preventing over-expenditure of established appropriations. Open encumbrances are reported as restricted fund equity in all funds other than the General Fund, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and will be honored through budget appropriations in the subsequent year.

#### Purpose of Encumbrances

General Fund

Instructional Media \$ 9,500
Pupil Transportation \$ 6,300
\$ 15,800

**Unassigned** - Includes all other General Fund amounts that do not meet the definition of the above four classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the District. Deficit fund equity in governmental funds are classified as unassigned. In funds other than the General Fund, the unassigned classification is used to report a deficit fund equity resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted or assigned.

NYS Real Property Tax Law 1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a school district can retain to no more than 4% of the District's budget for the General Fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund equity of the General Fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation. The District exceeded this limit at June 30, 2021.

#### Order of Use of Fund Equity:

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund equity, restricted fund equity, committed fund equity, assigned fund equity and unassigned fund equity at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund equity is determined first and then restricted fund equity for specific purposes is determined. Any remaining fund equity amounts for funds other than the General Fund are classified as restricted fund equity. In the General Fund, committed fund equity is determined next, then assigned. The remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund equity cannot cause a negative unassigned fund equity.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### N. Postemployment Benefits

In addition to providing the retirement benefits described in Note 2.B.I, the District provides postemployment health insurance coverage to its retired employees in accordance with the provisions of the employment contract negotiated between the District and its employee groups. Currently 45 retirees meet those eligibility requirements. See Note 4 for additional information related to postemployment benefits.

#### O. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost or estimated historical costs computed by an independent third party appraisal company (updated appraisal dated April 9, 2014) using computerized reverse-trending techniques applied against the estimate of current replacement cost. Donated assets, if any, are reported at estimated fair market value at the time received.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. Capitalization thresholds (the dollar amount above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-wide statements are as follows:

	Capitalization Threshold		Depreciation <u>Method</u>	Estimated Useful Life <u>In Years</u>	
Buildings and improvements	\$	2,500	SL	50	
Land improvements		2,500	SL	20	
Furniture and equipment		2,500	SL	5-20	
Vehicles		2,500	SL	8	

#### P. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflow of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District may have four items that qualify for reporting in this category. First is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the Statement of Net Position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second item is related to pensions reported in the Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset or liability and difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. The third item is the District contributions to the pension systems and OPEB subsequent to the measurement date. The fourth item relates to the OPEB reporting in the district wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the actual and expected experience and changes of assumptions.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### P. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District may have two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability and difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. The second item is related to OPEB reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net changes of assumptions or other inputs.

#### Q. Short-term Debt

The District may issue Revenue Anticipation Notes (RAN) and Tax Anticipation Notes (TAN), in anticipation of the receipt of revenues. These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The RANs and TANs represent a liability that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund. The district did not issue or redeem any revenue or tax anticipation notes during the current year.

The District may issue budget notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of the annual budget during any fiscal year for expenditures for which there is an insufficient or no provision made in the annual budget. The budget note must be repaid no later than the close of the second fiscal year succeeding the year in which the note was issued. The District did not issue or redeem any budget notes during the current year.

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BANs issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date. The District did not issue or redeem bond anticipation notes during the current year.

The District may issue deficiency notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of that same year's annual budget in any fund or funds arising from revenues being less than the amount estimated in the budget for that fiscal year. The deficiency notes may mature no later than the close of the fiscal year following the fiscal year in which they were issued. However, they may mature no later than the close of the second fiscal year after the fiscal year in which they were issued, if the notes were authorized and issued after the adoption of the budget for the fiscal year following the year in which they were issued. The District did not issue or redeem any deficiency notes during the current year.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### R. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the District-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, other postemployment benefits payable, and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the funds financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due and payable after one year in the Statement of Net Position.

#### S. Explanation of Certain Differences Between Governmental Fund Statements and Districtwide Statements

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the governmental fund statements and the District-wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. The differences result primarily from the economic focus of the Statement of Activities, compared with the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds.

a. Total Fund Equity of Governmental Funds vs. Net Position of Governmental Activities:

Total fund equity of the District's governmental funds differ from "net position" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the additional long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental fund Balance Sheets, as applied to the reporting of capital assets and long-term liabilities, including pensions.

b. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Equity vs. Statement of Activities:

Differences between the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Equity and the Statement of Activities fall into one of five broad categories.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### S. Explanation of Certain Differences Between Governmental Fund Statements and Districtwide Statements

#### Long-Term Revenue and Expense Differences

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available", whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities.

#### Capital Related Differences

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets reported on governmental fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the governmental fund statements and an asset on the Statement of Net Position and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

#### Long-Term Debt Transaction Differences

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund statements, whereas principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

#### **Pension Differences**

Pension differences occur as a result of changes in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset/liability and differences between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension systems.

#### **OPEB Differences**

OPEB differences occur as a result of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and differences between the District's contributions and OPEB expense.

#### T. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenue and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of compensated absences, postemployment benefits, net pension asset/liability, potential contingent liabilities, liabilities for tax certiorari claims, deferred inflows/outflows, and useful lives of long-term assets.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### U. Vested Employee Benefits

District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based principally on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts.

Upon retirement, resignation, or death, employees may receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave, based on contractual provisions.

Consistent with GASB Statement 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, an accrual for accumulated sick leave is included in the compensated absences liability at year-end. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the applicable contract rates in effect at year-end.

Throughout the 2020 - 2021 fiscal year, 46 retired employees have elected to use accumulated sick pay to finance health insurance payments under the District's group plan. The District pays between 50% - 100% of the cost of premiums for teachers, their spouse, and family. For teachers who elect to retire in their first year of eligibility, the District will pay the same premium as paid for active teachers (7% for 2020/2021). For teachers who do not elect to retire in their first year of eligibility, the District will pay 50% of the premium for individual coverage and 65% of the premium for their spouse or family. The District will pay 55% of the premiums for support staff and 50% for their spouse. When the accumulated sick pay amount is exhausted, the insurance payments become the responsibility of the retiree.

In the fund statements only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you go basis.

#### V. New Accounting Standards

The District has adopted all current Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable. At June 30, 2021, the District implemented the following new standards issued by GASB.

GASB issued Statement 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, effective for the year ending June 30, 2021. See Note 8 for the impact of this standard.

GASB has issued Statement 90, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Majority Equity Interest, effective for the year ending June 30, 2021. This statement had no impact on the District.

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### W. Future Changes in Accounting Standards

GASB has issued Statement 87, Leases, effective for the year ending June 30, 2022.

GASB has issued Statement 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period, effective for the year ending June 30, 2022.

GASB has issued Statement 91, Conduit Debt Obligations, effective for the year ending June 30, 2023.

GASB has issued Statement 92, Omnibus 2020, effective for the year ending June 30, 2022.

GASB has issued Statement 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, effective for the year ending June 30, 2022.

GASB has issued Statement 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships*, effective for the year ending June 30, 2023.

GASB issued Statement 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, effective for the year ending June 30, 2023.

GASB issued Statement 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, effective for the year ending June 30, 2022.

The District will evaluate the impact each of these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable.

### 2. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

### A. Assets

### I. Cash and Investments

### **Deposits**

Deposits are valued at cost or cost plus interest and are categorized as either (1) insured, or for which the securities are held by the District's agent in the District's name, (2) collateralized, and for which the securities are held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the District's name, or (3) uncollateralized. At June 30, 2021, all of the District's deposits were fully insured and collateralized by the District's agent in the District's name.

### Investment and Deposit Policy

The District follows an investment and deposit policy, the overall objective of which is to adequately safeguard the principal amount of funds invested or deposited; conformance with Federal, state and other legal requirements; and provide sufficient liquidity of invested funds in order to meet obligations as they become due. Oversight of investment activity is the responsibility of the Business Manager of the District.

### 2. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

### A. Assets

### I. Cash and Investments

### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of investments will be affected by changing interest rates. The District's investment policy does not limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

### Credit Risk

The District's policy is to minimize the risk of loss due to failure of an issuer or other counterparty to an investment to fulfill its obligations. The District's investment and deposit policy authorizes the reporting entity to purchase the following types of investments:

- Interest bearing demand accounts
- Certificates of deposit
- Obligations of the United States Treasury and United States agencies
- Obligations of New York State and its localities

### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the reporting entity may not recover its deposits. In accordance with the District's investment and deposit policy, all deposits of the District including interest bearing demand accounts and certificates of deposit, in excess of the amount insured under the provisions of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (FDIC) shall be secured by a pledge of securities with an aggregate value equal to 100% of the aggregate amount of deposits. The District restricts the securities to the following eligible items:

- Obligations issued, fully insured or guaranteed as to the payment of principal and interest, by the United States Treasury and United States agencies
- Obligations issued or fully insured or guaranteed by New York State and its localities
- Obligations issued by other than New York State rated in one of the three highest rating categories by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization

### 2. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

### A. Assets

### I. Cash and Investments

### Investments

U.S. GAAP establishes a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

Level 1: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 2: Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- Quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.
- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets.
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability.
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.
- If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the level 2
  input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or
  liability.

Level 3: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used should maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The District participates in NYCLASS, a multi-municipal cooperative investment pool agreement pursuant to New York State General Municipal Law Article 5-G, Section 119-0, whereby it holds a portion of the investments in cooperation with other participants. At June 30, 2021, the District held \$797,059 in investments consisting of various investments in securities issued by the United States and its agencies.

### 2. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

### A. Assets

### I. Cash and Investments

### Investments

Total investments of the cooperative as of year-end are \$3,351,078,688, which consisted of \$353,203,694 in repurchase agreements, \$860,892,115 in collateralized bank deposits, \$1,941,279,884 in U.S. Government Treasury Securities and \$195,702,995 in FDIC Insured Bank Deposits.

	<u>Valuation Inputs</u>							
Investments in Securities at Value	Lev	rel 1		Level 2	<u>Le</u>	vel 3		<u>Total</u>
Capital Fund	\$	-	\$	6	\$	-	\$	6
Unemployment Reserve		-		55,009		-		55,009
Workers' Comp Reserve		-		30,000		-		30,000
EBLAR Reserve		-		562,042		-		562,042
Retirement Contribution - ERS		-		75,001		-		75,001
Retirement Contribution - TRS	:	-	_	75,001			=	75,001
Total	\$		\$	797,059	\$		\$	797,059

The above amounts represent the fair value of the investment pool shares. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the portfolio did not have significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) used in determining fair value. Thus, a reconciliation of assets in which significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) which were used in determining fair value is not applicable.

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy during the period. The portfolio recognizes transfers between the levels as of the beginning of the fiscal year.

### Risks and Uncertainties with Investments

The District invests in various investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the statement of net position and balance sheet - governmental funds.

### Restricted Cash and Investments

Restricted cash and investments in the General Fund totals \$1,121,215 and consists of \$252,974 reserved for debt, \$27,000 reserved for insurance, \$55,009 reserved for unemployment costs, \$30,000 reserved for workers' compensation costs, \$562,042 reserved for employee benefits, \$75,000 reserved for retirement costs of support staff, \$75,000 reserved for retirement costs for teachers, and \$44,190 reserved for scholarships.

### 2. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

### A. Assets

### I. Cash and Investments

### Restricted Cash and Investments

Restricted cash and investments at June 30, 2021 in the Capital Projects Fund consists of \$8 which is restricted for voter approved capital projects.

Restricted cash at June 30, 2021 in the Debt Service Fund consists of \$12,452 which is restricted for the repayment of debt.

### II. Interfund Transactions

Interfund receivables and payables arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. The balances result from the time lag between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are made.

Interfund balances at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

		Interfund Receivable		Interfund <u>Payable</u>		Interfund <u>Revenues</u>		Interfund Expenditures
General Fund	\$	653,105	\$	136,797	\$	-	\$	9,915
Special Aid Fund		-		280,511		9,915		-
School Lunch Fund		-		-		-		-
Capital Fund		23,760		262,528		-		-
Debt Service Fund		2,971						-
Total Government Activities		679,836		679,836		9,915		9,915
Fiduciary Fund	-	-	_		_		-	
Total	\$	679,836	\$	679,836	\$	9,915	\$	9,915

### 2. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

### A. Assets

### III. Capital Assets

Capital asset balances for the year ended June 30 are as follows:

Governmental Activities		Balance <u>Julγ 1</u>				Retirements/ Reclassifications		Balance June 30
Capital assets that are not								
depreciated:								
Land	\$	8,731	\$	-	.\$	-	\$	8,731
Total nondepreciable historical cost	_	8,731	_		-	-		8,731
Capital assets that are depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements		22,223,600		-		-		22,223,600
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles		1,698,334		27,497		-		1,725,831
Total depreciable historical cost	_	23,921,934		27,497		-		23,949,431
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements		8,656,746		572,733		-		9,229,479
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles		1,472,919		31,835		-		1,504,754
Total accumulated depreciation		10,129,665		604,568	*			10,734,233
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$	13,801,000	\$	(577,071)	\$		\$	13,223,929

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2021, was allocated to specific functions as follows:

General Support	\$	2,789
Instruction		588,261
Pupil Transportation	0	13,518
Total	\$	604,568

### B. Liabilities

### I. Pension Plans

### General Information

The District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). Collectively, TRS and ERS are referred to herein as the "Systems". These are cost-sharing multiple employer, public employee retirement systems. The Systems offer a wide range of plans and benefits which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death and disability.

### 2. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

### B. Liabilities

### I. Pension Plans

Plan Descriptions

Teachers' Retirement System

The TRS is administered by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the Retirement and Social Security Law of the State of New York. The system is governed by a 10 member Board of Trustees. Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in the New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The New York State TRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. The report and additional information may be obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, NY 12211-2395 or by referring to the NYSTRS Comprehensive Annual Financial report which can be found on the System's website at www.nystrs.org.

### Employees' Retirement System

The New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (The Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The system is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report and additional information may be obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244-0001 or found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php.

### 2. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

### B. Liabilities

### I. Pension Plans

### Contributions

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976 who contribute 3% of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3% to 3.5% of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the Systems' fiscal year ending March 31. Pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law, the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board establishes rates annually for TRS.

The District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The required contributions for the current year and two preceding years were:

	<u>ERS</u>				
2020-21	\$ 83,578 89,765	\$	330,810 374,932		
2019-20 2018-19	93,889		456,487		

The District contributions made to the Systems were equal to 100 percent of the contributions required for each year.

### Pension Liabilities

At June 30, 2021, the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of March 31, 2021 for ERS and June 30, 2020 for TRS. The total net pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the ERS and TRS Systems in reports provided to the District.

	ERS	TRS
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2020	June 30, 2019
Net pension asset/(liability)	\$(1,459)	\$(699,799)
District's portion of the Plan's total net pension asset/(liability)	.0014649%	.025325%

### 2. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

### B. Liabilities

### I. Pension Plans

### Pension Expense

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized its proportionate share of pension expense of \$33,871 for ERS and \$944,070 for TRS.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources				Deferred Inflows of <u>Resources</u>			
		<u>ERS</u>		TRS		<u>ERS</u>		TRS	
Differences between expected and actual experiences Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$	17,814 268,200	\$	613,164 885,083	\$	- 5,058	\$	35,863 315,486	
on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of		-		457,030		419,013		-	
contributions Contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total	e \$	46,808 12,494 345,316	<u>\$</u>	153,887 330,810 2,439,974	\$	37,218 - 461,289	\$	110,953 - 462,302	

District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension asset/(liability) in the year ended March 31, 2022 for ERS and June 30, 2021 for TRS. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	,	<u>TRS</u>		
Year ended:				
2021	\$	-	\$	278,183
2022		(21,198)		555,881
2023		(4,470)		455,512
2024		(21,316)		304,435
2025		(81,483)		14,650
Thereafter		-		38,201

### 2. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

### B. Liabilities

### I. Pension Plans

### Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension asset/(liability) as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension asset/(liability) to the measurement date. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions:

	<u>ERS</u>	TRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2021	June 30, 2020
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2020	June 30, 2019
Interest Rate	5.9%	7.1%
Salary Scale	4.4%	1.9% - 4.72%
Decrement tables	April 1, 2015 -	July 1, 2009 -
	March 31, 2020	June 30, 2014
	System's Experience	System's Experience
Inflation rate	2.7%	2.20%
Projected Cost of Living Adjustments	1.4% annually	1.3% annually

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2020 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on MP-2020. The previous actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2019 used the April 1, 2010 - March 31, 2015 System's experience with adjustments for the mortality improvements based on MP-2018. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on July 1, 2009 - June 30, 2014 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2019.

For ERS, the actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2020 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2020. For TRS, the actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 - June 30, 2014 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2018.

The long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice (ASOP) No. 27, Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class as well as historical investment data and plan performance.

### 2. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

### B. Liabilities

### I. Pension Plans

The long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of the measurement date are summarized below:

ERS	Target Alloc	ation	Long-term expected real rate of return* 2021
Asset Class:	<del></del>		
Domestic equity	32	%	4.05 %
International equity	15		6.30
Private equity	10		6.75
Real estate	9		4.95
Opportunistic/ARS portfolio	3		4.50
Opportunistic portfolio	4		3.63
Real assets	3		5.95
Fixed income	23		0.00
Cash	1	_	0.50
То	tal <u>100</u>	<u></u> %	

<sup>\*</sup> Real rates of return are net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.0% for 2021.

TRS		Target Allocation 2020	Long-term expected real rate of return* 2020
Asset Class:			
Domestic equity		33 %	7.1 %
International equity		16	7.7
Global equity		4	7.4
Real estate equity		11	6.8
Private equity		8	10.4
Domestic fixed income		16	1.8
Global bonds		2	1.0
High-yield bonds		1	3.9
Private debt		1	5.2
Real estate debt		7	3.6
Cash equivalents		1	0.7
	Total	100 %	

<sup>\*</sup> Real rates of return are net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.2% for 2020.

### 2. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

### B. Liabilities

### I. Pension Plans

### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension asset/(liability) was 5.9% for ERS and 7.1% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon the assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension asset/(liability).

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/(Liability) to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) as of June 30, 2021 using the discount rate of 5.9% for ERS and 7.1% for TRS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentagepoint lower (4.9% for ERS and 6.1% for TRS) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.9% for ERS and 8.1% for TRS) than the current rate:

Employer's proportionate above	1% Decrease (4.9%)	Current Assumption (5.9%)		1% Increase <u>(6.9%)</u>
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (404,867)	\$	(1,459)	\$ 370,579
TRS	1% Decrease (6.1%)		Current sumption (7.1%)	1% Increase <u>(8.1%)</u>
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (4,420,392)	\$	(699,799)	\$ 2,422,720

### Changes of Assumptions

Changes of assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or other inputs are amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected service lives of all employees that are provided with pension benefits.

### Collective Pension Expense

Collective pension expense includes certain current period changes in the collective net pension asset/(liability), projected earnings of pension plan investments, and the amortization of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources for the current period. The collective pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2021 is \$36,854 for ERS and \$947,749 for TRS.

### 2. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

### B. Liabilities

### I. Pension Plans

Payables to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31<sup>st</sup>. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2021 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2021 through June 30, 2021 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2021 amounted to \$12,494.

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2021 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2021 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2021 amounted to \$340,447.

### Other Benefits

District employees may choose to participate in the District's elective deferred compensation plans established under Internal Revenue Code Sections 403(b) and 457.

### II. Indebtedness

### **Short-Term Debt**

### **Bond Anticipation Notes**

Notes issued in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds are recorded as a current liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the bonds. State law requires that bond anticipation notes issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.

### Long-Term Debt

### Serial Bonds

The District borrows money in order to acquire or construct buildings and improvements. This enables the cost of these capital assets to be borne by the present and future taxpayers receiving the benefit of the capital assets. These long-term liabilities are full faith and credit debt of the District. The provision to be made in future budgets for capital indebtedness represents the amount, exclusive of interest, authorized to be collected in future years from taxpayers and others for liquidation of the long-term liabilities.

### 2. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

### B. Liabilities

### II. Indebtedness

Interest on long-term debt was comprised of:

Interest paid	\$	348,122
Less interest accrued in the prior year		(29,419)
Plus interest accrued in the current year		26,710
Less amortization of bond premium	_	(114,246)
Total Expense	\$	231,167

### Changes

The changes in indebtedness during the year ended June 30, 2021 are summarized as follows:

	Balance <u>July 1</u>	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance June 30
Governmental activities:				
Bonds and notes payable				
General obligation debt:				
Serial Bonds	\$ 6,730,000	\$ -	\$ (930,000)	\$ 5,800,000
Bond Premium	1,095,356	·	(114,246)	981,110
Total Bonds	7,825,356	-	(1,044,246)	6,781,110
Other liabilities:				
Compensated absences	850,062	-	(80,186)	769,876
Other postemployment benefits payable	18,195,011	3,120,552	(354,761)	20,960,802
Net pension liability proportionate share	463,164	238,094		701,258
Total Other Liabilities	19,508,237	3,358,646	(434,947)	22,431,936
Total Long-Term Liabilities	<u>\$ 27,333,593</u>	\$ 3,358,646	\$ (1,479,193)	\$ 29,213,046

Additions and deletions to compensated absences are shown net since it is impractical to determine these amounts separately.

The above balances are liquidated by the general fund.

### 2. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

### B. Liabilities

### II. Indebtedness

Maturity

The following is a summary of maturity of indebtedness:

Description of Issue	Original Issue <u>Date</u>	Final <u>Maturity</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>		Outstanding June 30, 2021
Serial Bonds:					
School District Serial Bonds	2020	2030	5.0%	\$	975,000
School District Refunding Bonds	2020	2025	2.0 - 5.0%		1,900,000
Capital Project Serial Bonds	2020	2035	5.0%	_	2,925,000
				\$	5,800,000

The following is a summary of maturing debt service requirements for general obligation bonds and notes:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>		Interest		Premium		<u>Total</u>
2022	\$ 695,000	\$	276,050	\$	114,246	\$	856,804
2023	730,000		245,750		114,246		861,504
2024	755,000		213,900		114,246		854,654
2025	785,000		181,000		114,246		851,754
2026	295,000		141,750		114,246		322,504
Thereafter	 2,540,000	-	580,250	-	409,880	_	2,710,370
Total	\$ 5,800,000	\$	1,638,700	\$	981,110	\$_	6,457,590

### III. Constitutional Debt Limit

The constitution of the State of New York limits the amount of indebtedness which may be issued by the District. Basically, the District may issue indebtedness to the extent that the aggregate outstanding debt issues which are subject to such limit does not exceed 10% of the full valuation of taxable real estate within the District. At June 30, 2021, the District has exhausted 34.02% of its constitutional debt limit.

### IV. Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources of the balance sheet - governmental funds arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period and is contingent on future outcomes not expected to occur within the availability period.

### 3. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

### A. Litigation

At times the District is an intervening party in Real Property Tax Law Article 7 tax certiorari proceedings seeking to reduce the final assessment on the petitioners' property. Due to the uncertainty of outcomes of any pending proceedings, an estimate of any potential financial effects cannot be made.

### B. Risk Financing and Related Insurance

### General Information

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

### Workers' Compensation Pool

The District participates in the Southern Adirondack Public Schools Workers' Compensation plan administered by the Board of Directors which is composed of the chief executive officer or other designated officer of the districts participating in Washington-Saratoga-Warren-Hamilton-Essex BOCES. Participants of the plan are required to make their current year contributions on July 15 and October 15 of each plan year. The plan year is July 1 through June 30. The Board may retain surplus to establish and maintain a claim contingency fund. If sufficient funds are not available, the Board will determine the amount to be assessed to the participants. For the year ended June 30, 2021, \$47,167 was paid to the plan for workers' compensation premiums.

### Health Insurance Consortium

The District participates in the Washington-Saratoga-Warren-Hamilton-Essex Counties Health Insurance Consortium Trust, a non-risk-retained public entity risk pool for its employee health insurance coverage. The Health Insurance Consortium Trust is operated for the benefit of thirty School District/BOCES Members located in the counties of Washington, Saratoga, Warren, Hamilton and Essex, New York. The purpose of the Health Insurance Consortium Trust is to enable the member School/BOCES Districts to purchase group health insurance pursuant to New York State Insurance Law Section 4235.

### C. Other Items

The District has received grants which are subject to audit by agencies of the State and Federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior audits, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

### 4. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS PAYABLE

### A. Liabilities

### I. Post Employment Benefits

### Plan Description

The Fort Edward Union Free School District (the 'District') administers the District's Retiree Medical Plan (the Plan) as a single-employer defined benefit plan. The Plan provides for continuation of medical insurance benefits for certain retirees and their spouses and can be amended by action of the District subject to applicable collective bargaining and employment agreements. The Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report since there are no assets legally segregated for the sole purpose of paying benefits under the Plan. No assets are accumulated in trust that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

### Funding Policy

The obligations of the Plan members, employer and other contributing entities are established by action of the District pursuant to applicable collective bargaining and other employment agreements. Employees contribute varying percentages of the premiums, depending on when retired and their applicable agreement.

Employees are eligible for the retiree health benefits upon meeting the following requirements: 1) retire from the District, 2) enrolled in District provided health care at time of retirement, 3) must reach age 55 (earlier if disabled) and 4) there is no service requirement for Tier 1 employees and a 5 year service requirement for Tiers 2, 3 and 4 (ERS and TRS). The District currently funds the plan to satisfy current obligations on a pay-as-you-go basis. During the year ended June 30, 2021, approximately \$407,000 was paid on behalf of 46 retirees.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms - At June 30, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit	46
payments Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefit	40
mactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefit	
payments	<b>-</b> 0-
Active plan members	94
Total plan members	140

### Net OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability was measured as of July 1, 2020; the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019.

### 4. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS PAYABLE

### B. Liabilities

### I. Post Employment Benefits

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021, based on an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019, was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.6% (Based on CPI-2017 OASDI Trustee Report)

Salary increases 2.6% (including inflation)

Discount rate 2.21% (Bond Buyer GO-20 municipal bond index rate)

Healthcare cost trend rates

Pre-Medicare 8.0% for 2020 decreasing 0.5% per year to an ultimate

rate of 5.00% by 2027.

Medicare N/A

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

Mortality rates were based on RP-2014 mortality table with mortality projected to the current year using Scale MP-2019 to account for mortality improvement.

Retirement participation rate assumed that 100% of all newly-retiring employees with health insurance elect to keep their health insurance when they retire and when they turn 65.

Termination rates are based on tables used by the New York State Teachers' Retirement System and the New York State and Local Retirement System. Rate are tiered based on the percentage of employees who will terminate employment at any given age each year, for reasons other than death or retirement.

### 4. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS PAYABLE

### B. Liabilities

### I. Post Employment Benefits

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

Changes in the District's net OPEB liability were as follows:

Total OPEB Liability [a]	Plan Fiduciary Net Position <u>[b]</u>	Net OPEB Liability [a] - [b]
\$ 18,195,011	\$	\$ 18,195,011
554,903		554,903
642,157		642,157
_	_	•
-	_	-
-	-	-
1,923,492	-	1,923,492
(354,761)	-	(354,761)
2,765,791	•	2,765,791
\$ 20,960,802	\$	\$ 20,960,802
	Liability [a]  \$ 18,195,011  554,903 642,157  1,923,492 (354,761) - 2,765,791	Total OPEB Liability Position [b]  \$ 18,195,011 \$ -  554,903 - 642,157 -  1,923,492 - (354,761) 2,765,791 -

Changes of assumptions reflect changes in inputs including a change in the discount rate from 3.51% in 2020 to 2.21% in 2021.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's total OPEB liability, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.21%) or 1 percentage point higher (3.21%) than the current discount rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	<u>(1.21%)</u>	(2.21%)	<u>(3.21%)</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 22,665,323	\$ 20,960,802	\$ 23,346,910

### 4. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS PAYABLE

### B. Liabilities

### I. Post Employment Benefits

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the District's total OPEB liability, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (7.0% decreasing to 4.0%) or 1 percentage point higher (9.0% decreasing to 6.0%) than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	1% Decrease (7.0% Decreasing to <u>4.0%)</u>	Healthcare Cost Trend Rate (8.0% Decreasing to 5.0%)	1% Increase (9.0% Decreasing <u>to 6.0%)</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 18,841,025	\$ 20,960,802	\$ 22,628,809

OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$2,473,713. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	ed Outflows lesources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$ 2,334,032	\$	-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement period Total	\$ 1,892,023 379,593 4,605,648	\$	•

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

June 30,	_
2022	\$ 1,276,653
2023	1,276,653
2024	399,164
2025	499,399
2026	499,399
2027	274,787

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### 5. TAX ABATEMENTS

The County of Washington (Counties of Warren and Washington Industrial Development Agency (WWIDA)) enter into various property tax abatement programs for the purpose of economic development. The District property tax revenue was reduced \$322,454. The District received Payment in Lieu of Tax (PILOT) payments totaling \$322,454.

### 6. CONTINGENCY

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of COVID-19, a respiratory disease, to be a pandemic. It is uncertain as to the full magnitude that the pandemic will have on the District's financial condition, liquidity, and future operations. The District's operations are heavily dependent on real property taxes and state aid. Additionally, access to grants, funding and contracts from federal, state, and local governments may decrease or may not be available depending on appropriations. The outbreak will likely have a continued material adverse impact on the economy and cost of education. In August 2020, the Governor signed legislation that provides financial flexibility to school districts as a result of the pandemic. The full impact of the COVID-19 outbreak continues to evolve as of the date these financial statements were available to be issued.

### 7. GOING CONCERN

The District is experiencing declining enrollment and growing financial strain. Additionally, the District operated under a contingency budget during the year. As a result, the District made spending cuts and drew down upon its financial reserves. The District's voters approved the 2021/2022 school budget which allowed the District to restore prior year spending cuts, including certain academic and extracurricular programs. A formal merger study between the District and South Glens Falls Central School District has been completed. The merger was not approved by the Fort Edward UFSD Board of Education. As the merger with South Glens Falls CSD is no longer an option and the uncertainty of State Aid continues, the District will have to heavily rely on the willingness of the taxpayers to provide the revenue needed to maintain the programs and services currently offered.

### 8. CUMULATIVE EFFECT OF CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

Eidunians Fund - Drivete Burnese Trust Fund.

As of July 1, 2020, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The Statement establishes new criteria for identifying fiduciary activities for accounting and reporting purposes. As a result of applying this criteria, many items previously reported as fiduciary in nature have been reclassified. The District's fund balances and government-wide net position were restated as a result of the implementation of GASB No. 84 as follows:

\$	45,792
	(45,792)
\$	-
\$	1,174,053
-	45,792
\$	1,219,845
	\$

### 8. CUMULATIVE EFFECT OF CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

Statement of Activities:

Net position at beginning of year, as previously reported \$ (5,941,726) GASB Statement No. 84 implementation 45,792

Net position at beginning of year, as restated \$ (5,895,934)

### 9. DEFICIT FUND BALANCE

The Capital Projects fund had a fund deficit of \$10,429. This deficit is caused by expenditures for the Smart School Bond Project in excess of application. When the District submits an amendment to cover the incidental costs for the architect and asbestos testing, this deficit will be removed.

### 10. LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The District leases a vehicle under the terms of non-cancelable lease. Rental expense for the year was \$10,936.

Minimum annual rentals for each of the remaining years of the lease are as follows for the fiscal years ended June 30:

2022	\$ 10,936
2023	10,936
2024	10,936
2025	10,936

### 11. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District has evaluated subsequent events through November 8, 2021, which is the date these financial statements were available to be issued. All subsequent events requiring recognition as of June 30, 2021, have been incorporated into these financial statements.

# FORT EDWARD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	1	Actual	Budg	Final Budget Variance With Actual
Revenues						
Local Sources Real Property Taxes Real Property Tax Items Charges for Services Use of Money and Property Miscellaneous	\$ 3,007,723 306,744 24,000 114,459 20,620	\$ 3,007,723 306,744 24,000 114,459 79,404	↔	2,629,843 708,203 154,553 124,812 281,536	↔	(377,880) 401,459 130,553 10,353 202,132
State Sources Federal Sources	7,601,002	7,411,902		7,329,200		(82,702) 6,787
Total Revenue	11,094,548	11,153,332		11,444,034	€	290,702
Appropriated Employee Benefit Accrued Liabilities Reserve Appropriated Workers' Compensation Reserve Appropriated Unemployment Reserve Prior Year's Encumbrances	30,000 54,921 2,893	65,003 30,000 54,921 2,893				
Total Revenues, Other Sources and Appropriated Fund Equity	\$ 11,182,362	\$ 11,306,149	₩	11,444,034		

FORT EDWARD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Final Budget Variance With Actual and Encumbrances	\$ 2,208 6,580 35,379 9,505 140,566	24,051 152,981 558,464 75,630 441 31,219 88,427	34,969	368,133	37,679	45,085	45,085	
Encumbrances		009'6	6,300	ē	7 P.		\$	
Actual	\$ 4,763 172,629 252,332 18,628 554,955 126,135	176,460 2,218,662 1,833,390 202,419 159 330,109 240,823	155,973	2,055,987	930,000 348,122 9 625,546	9,915	9,915	\$ 1,808,573 1,174,053 45,792 1,219,845 \$ 3,028,418
Final Budget	\$ 6,971 179,209 287,711 28,133 695,521 140,107	200,511 2,371,643 2,391,854 278,049 600 370,828 329,250	197,242	2,424,120	967,679 348,122 11,251,149	55,000	55,000 \$ 11,306,149	
Original Budget	\$ 5,400 164,892 260,742 24,436 571,115 130,229	112,723 2,344,787 2,313,872 278,528 600 316,085 164,933	233,191	2,799,700	967,679 338,308	25,000	55,000	
Expenditures	General Support Board of Education Central Administration Finance Staff Special Items Central Services	Instruction Instruction, Administration and Improvement Teaching - Regular School Programs for Students with Disabilities Occupational Education Teaching - Special Schools Instructional Media Pupil Services	Pupil Transportation Community Services	Employee Benefits	Debt Service Debt Service Principal Debt Service Interest Total Expenditures	Other Uses Interfund Transfer	Total Other Uses Total Expenditures and Other Uses	Net Change in Fund Equity  Fund equity - beginning of year, as previously reported  Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle (note 8)  Fund equity - beginning of year, as restated  Fund equity - ending

### FORT EDWARD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Table OPER Linkship		Fisc	al Year Ending * 2021		2020		2019		2018
Total OPEB Liabilit	Measurement date		7/1/20		7/1/19		7/1/18		7/1/17
	Service cost	\$	554,903	\$	635,432	\$	605,173	\$	605,173
	Interest		642,157		617,240		568,811		292,136
	Changes in benefit terms		522		-		-		(279,983)
	Difference between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total OPEB liability		-		546,689				5,830,621
	Changes in assumptions and other inputs		1,923,492		1,025,617		(601,412)		(565,687)
	Benefit payments	_	(354,761)	_	(523,231)	_	(354,042)	_	(310,563)
	Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		2,765,791		2,301,747		218,530		5,571,697
	Total OPEB Liability - beginning	_	18,195,011		15,893,264	_	15,674,734	1	0,103,037
	Total OPEB Liability - ending	\$	20,960,802	\$	18,195,011	\$	15,893,264	\$1	5,674,734
Covered-employee p	payroll	\$	4,099,640	\$	4,988,450	\$	4,195,532	\$	4,167,559
Total OPEB Liability	as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		511.28%		364.74%		378.81%		376.11%

Note: The District currently pays its share of retiree health insurance on a pay-as-you-go basis

<sup>\*</sup> Note: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this presentation will only include information for those years for which information is available. Additionally, the amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the

## FORT EDWARD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		 sion Plan scal Years <u>2020</u>	2019	2018	2017	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.025325%	0.026037%	0.0254390%	0.0282000%	0.0256190%	0.0257250%	0.0259000%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 699,799	\$ (676,437)	\$ (460,010)	\$ (214,351)	\$ 274,386	\$ (2,672,035)	\$ (2,885,103)
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,671,858	\$ 4,385,256	\$ 4,414,461	\$ 4,468,837	\$ 4,033,480	\$ 3,927,315	\$ 3,897,418
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	19.06%	-15.43%	-10.42%	-4.80%	6.80%	-68.04%	-74.03%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset	97.80%	102.20%	101,53%	100.66%	99.01%	110.46%	111.48%
		sion Plan scal Years					
	2021	2020	2019	2018	<u>2017</u>	2016	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0014649%	0.0017491%	0.0019930%	0.0020141%	0.0022000%	0.0024038%	0.0025006%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,459	\$ 463,164	\$ 141,207	\$ 65,005	\$ 206,720	\$ 385,812	\$ 84,475
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 378,528	\$ 568,646	\$ 657,686	\$ 574.095	\$ 592,200	\$ 613,839	\$ 617,846
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.39%	81.45%	21.47%	11.32%	34.91%	62.85%	13.67%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	99.95%	86.39%	96.27%	98.24%	94.70%	90,70%	97.90%

Note: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this presentation will only include information for those years for which information is available. Additionally, the amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of each plans measurement date as disclosed in the footnotes.

# FORT EDWARD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

TRS Pension Plan	Last 10 Fiscal Years

		2021	2020	2019		2018	2017		2016	16	50	2015
Contractually required contribution	₩	380,844 \$	461,541 \$	406,090	↔	523,748	\$ 524,195	195	\$ 67	677,409	99 99	621,699
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(380,844)	(461,541)	(406,090)		(523,748)	(524,195)	195)	(67	(677,409)	9)	(621,699)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	₩.	€	<del>€9</del>		69	y	€9		↔		↔	
Covered-employee payroll	<del>99</del>	3,671,858 \$	4,385,256 \$	4,414,461	€9	4,468,837	\$ 4,033,480	480	36'8	3,927,315	8,8	3,897,418
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		10.37%	10.52%	9.20%		11.72%	13	13.00%	_	17.25%		15.95%
			ERS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years	Plan Years								
		2021	2020	2019		<u>2018</u>	2017		2016	9]	20	2015
Contractually required contribution	↔	88,464 \$	95,352 \$	93,362	↔	85,681	°06 \$	90,958	6 \$	98,187	€	125,186
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(88,464)	(95,352)	(93,362)		(85,681)	(90)	(90,958)	3)	(98,187)	(3	(125,186)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	€9	↔	<b>€</b> 9	34	₩		69	. ]	€9		69	*
Covered-employee payroll	↔	378,528 \$	568,646 \$	657,686	↔	574,095	\$ 592,200	200	\$ 61	613,839	\$	617,846
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		23.37%	16.77%	14.20%		14.92%	<del>,</del>	15.36%	-	16.00%		20.26%

for those years for which information is available. Additionally, the amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of each plans measurement date as disclosed in the footnotes. Note: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this presentation will only include information

# FORT EDWARD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET AND SCHEDULE OF SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

### **CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO REVISED BUDGET**

Adopted Budget	\$ 11,179,469
Add: Prior year's encumbrances	2,893
Original Budget	11,182,362
Additions: Budget Amendments	123,787
Final Budget	\$ 11,306,149

### SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION

2021-22 [subsequent year's] voter-approved expenditure budget	\$ 11,096,764
Maximum allowed (4% of 2021-22 [subsequent year's] budget)	443,871

General Fund Fund Equity Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law\*:

eneral Fund Fund Equity Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law*:				
Unrestricted Fund Equity: Assigned Fund Equity Unassigned Fund Equity Total Unrestricted Fund Equity	\$	15,800 1,891,403 1,907,203		
Less: Appropriated Fund Equity Encumbrances included in Committed and Assigned Fund Equity Total Adjustments	0 <b>=</b> 8 <b>=</b>	15,800 15,800		
General Fund Fund Equity Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law		\$	; <u> </u>	1,891,403
Actual percentage				17.04%

<sup>\*</sup> Per office of the State Comptroller's "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions," Updated April 2011 (Originally Issued November 2010), the portion of [General Fund] fund balance subject to Section 1318 of the Real Property Tax law is: unrestricted fund balance (i.e., the total of the committed, assigned, and unassigned classifications), minus appropriated fund balance, amounts reserved for insurance recovery, amounts reserved for tax reduction, and encumbrances included in committed and assigned fund balance.

# FORT EDWARD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Fund	Equity June 30, 2021	\$ (195)	(10,234)	\$ (10,429)
Transfer to	Debt Service Fund	, <del>(7)</del>		€
	Total	4,120,020	228,342	4,348,362
Financing	Sources	\$ 223,619 \$		223,619
Methods of Financing	State Aid	\$ 202,321 \$	228,342	\$ 430,663
	Proceeds of Obligations	\$ 3,694,080		\$ 3,694,080
	Unexpended Balance	599,785	(34,976)	564,809
	Total	\$ 4,120,215 \$	238,576	4,358,791 \$
Expenditures	Vear	4	34,840	\$ 34,840
â	Years	\$ 4,120,215	203,736	\$ 4,323,951
	Appropriation	\$ 4,720,000	203,600	\$ 4,923,600
0	Appropriation	4,720,000	203,600	4,923,600
	SED Project	₩.		€ .
	PROJECT TITLE	Building Improvements	Smart School Bond Act	Totals

### FORT EDWARD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS JUNE 30, 2021

Capital Assets, Net	\$	13,223,929
Add: Cash and investments on hand	\$8_	8
Deduct:		· ·
Serial bonds payable	5,800,000	
Unamortized bond premium	981,110	
	ST	(6,781,110)
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	6,442,827



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the President and Members of the Board of Education of the Fort Edward Union Free School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Fort Edward Union Free School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 8, 2021.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2021-001 and 2021-002.

### District's Response to Findings

The District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's responses was not subject to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Maroin and Company, P.C.

Latham, NY November 8, 2021



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the President and Members of the Board of Education of the Fort Edward Union Free School District

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Fort Edward Union Free School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Fort Edward Union Free School District's compliance.

### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Fort Edward Union Free School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Fort Edward Union Free School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we did identify deficiencies in internal control over compliance, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2021-003 and 2021-004, that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

The District's responses to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Marvin and Company, P.C.

Latham, NY November 8, 2021

### FORT EDWARD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Assistance Listing/ Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass- Through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed Through New York State Education Department:			
Special Education Cluster			
Special Education Grants to States Special Education Preschool Grants	84.027 84.173	0032-21-0812 0033-21-0812	\$ 192,947 6,525
Total Special Education Cluster			199,472_
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies School Improvement Grant	84.010 84.010	0021-21-2680 0011-21-2048	175,955 52,680
Total Title I			228,635
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	0147-21-2680	26,766
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	0204-21-0650	24,315
Education Stabilization Funds			
COVID-19 Governor's Emergency Education Relief COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund II	84.425C 84.425D 84.425D	5895-21-2695 5890-21-2695 5891-21-0960	22,608 160,580 3,496
Total Education Stabilization Funds			186,684
Total U.S. Department of Education			665,872
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed Through New York State Education Department:			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
COVID-19 Summer Food Service Program for Children National School Lunch Program - Food Distribution	10.559 10.555	Not Applicable Not Applicable	140,877 13,584
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			154,461
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			154,461
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 820,333

### FORT EDWARD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2021

### 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) presents the activity of federal award programs administered by the Fort Edward Union Free School District (District), which is described in Note 1 to the District's accompanying financial statements. Therefore, some amounts presented in the Schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the District financial statements. Federal awards that are included in the Schedule may be received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards that are passed through from other government agencies.

The information presented in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). This Schedule only presents a selected portion of the operations of the District.

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The amounts reported as federal expenditures were obtained from federal financial reports for the applicable program and periods. The amounts reported in these reports are prepared from records maintained for each program, which are reconciled with the District's financial reporting system.

The federal expenditures are recognized under the Uniform Guidance.

### 3. SCOPE OF AUDIT

The Fort Edward Union Free School District is an independent municipal corporation. All federal grant operations of the District are included in the scope of the single audit.

### 4. NON-CASH ASSISTANCE

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District received food commodities totaling \$13,584.

### 5. INDIRECT COST RATE

The Fort Edward Union Free School District did not elect to use the 10% de minimus cost rate.

Indirect costs may be included in the reported expenditures, to the extent they are included in the federal financial reports used as the source for the data presented. The District's policy is not to charge federal award programs with indirect costs.

### 6. SUB-RECIPIENTS

The District provided no federal awards to sub-recipients during the year ended June 30, 2021.

### Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial S	Statements				
Type of auditor's report issued			Unmodified	Unmodified	
• Ma	ntrol over financial rep terial weakness(es) ic inificant deficiency(ies	lentified?	yes yes	X_no X_none reported	
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		cial statements noted?	X_yes	no	
<ul> <li>Mat</li> </ul>	vards atrol over major progra terial weakness(es) id nificant deficiency(ies	entified?	yes X_yes	X_no none reported	
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs			Unmodified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?			yes	X_no	
Identification CFDA Numb 84.010 84.027, 84.		Name of Federal Program or Cluster Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Special Education Cluster			
Dollar thresh	nold used to distinguis	sh between type A and type B programs:	\$750,000		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?			yes	Xno	
	Se	ection II: Financial Statement Findings			
Findings rela Government	ted to the financial sta Auditing Standards:	atements which are required to be reported in a	accordance with	ל	
Noncompliar	nce Material to the Fir	ancial Statements			
2021-001	Compliance with New York State Real Property Tax Law				
	Condition: The ur general fund budg	eassigned fund balance of the general fund ex set by \$1,447,532.	ceeds 4% of the	2021-22	
	Criteria: NYS Real Property Tax Law Section 1318 limits the amount of unassigned fund balance a District can have to no more than 4% of the general fund budget for the ensuing fiscal year.				
	Cause: The cumulative effect of expenditures being significantly under budget.				
	Effect of Condition	The District was not in compliance with Real	Property Tax La	aw.	

### Section II: Financial Statement Findings

2021-001 Compliance with New York State Real Property Tax Law (continued)

Questioned Cost: None

Context: As part of audit procedures, the compliance with NYS Real Property Tax Law 1318 limits is reviewed.

Repeat Finding: Yes

Recommendation: The District should develop a plan regarding how to address and use the excess in future years.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions: The District has taken a conservative approach to spending as state revenue remains uncertain. The Board of Education plans to use its fund balance in future budgets to provide stability to the taxpayers in a fiscally responsible manner.

2021-002 Compliance with Net Cash Resources and Excess Fund Balance for Child Nutrition

Condition: The fund balance in the school lunch fund exceeds the allowable limit by approximately \$12,300.

Criteria: According to the code of federal regulations section CFR §210.14 (b) the school food authority shall limit its net cash resources to no more than 3 months of average expenditures.

Cause: The cumulative effect of expenditures being less than revenue for a number of years.

Effect of Condition: The District was not in compliance with federal guidelines.

Questioned Cost: None

Context: As part of audit procedures, compliance with this federal guideline is reviewed.

Recommendation: The District should follow federal guidelines to resolve excess fund balance. The District is required to submit a plan to the Child Nutrition Program Administration detailing how the District will reduce the fund balance to an acceptable level within one year and also what the District will do to ensure than an excess fund balance does not occur in the future.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions: The District will review the fund balance in the School Lunch Fund and develop a plan to reduce fund balance to no more than three months worth of average expenditures.

### Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Findings and questioned costs related to Federal awards which are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a):

Significant Deficiency

2021-003

Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - Level of Effort

Information on Federal Program: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (CFDA No. 84.010) passed through New York State Education Department.

Condition: The aggregate expenditures of the District from state and local funds was less than 90 percent of the aggregate expenditures from the second preceding year.

*Criteria*: The District's combined fiscal effort per student or it's aggregate expenditures from state and local funds for free public education for the preceding year was not less than 90 percent of the combined fiscal effort or aggregate expenditures for the second preceding year, unless specifically waived.

Cause: The District had significantly fewer expenditures during the year due to the requirements of operating under a contingency budget during the 2020-2021 fiscal year.

Questioned Cost: None

Effect: The District is not in compliance with the 90% Level of Effort requirement. As a result, the State could reduce the District allocation if the District was not in compliance for one or more of the five preceding years.

Perspective Information: As part of procedures performed in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, level of effort is calculated for compliance with the 90 percent minimum requirement.

Repeat Finding: No

Recommendation: The District should develop a plan regarding how to address this requirement in future years and should contact the Department of Education to request a specific waiver.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions: The District will develop a plan regarding how to address this requirement in the future and will contact the Department of Education to request a specific waiver.

### Significant Deficiency

2021-004

Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - Eligibility

Information on Federal Program: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (CFDA No. 84.010) passed through New York State Education Department.

Condition: For one student tested in a sample of twenty, the District was not able to provide proof of eligibility to receive Title I services.

### Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Significant Deficiency

2021-004

Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - Eligibility (Continued)

*Criteria*: The District should maintain documentation for all students receiving Title I services showing the criteria for eligibility, that criteria has been met, and that the District has made a determination that the student should be receiving those services.

Cause: The student moved and the District no longer had access to the score reports used to determine eligibility.

Questioned Cost: None

Effect: The District did not maintain all required information to verify whether the student receiving Title I services was eligible to receive those services. As a result, the student could be ineligible for services that the District is receiving payment for under the Title I Grant.

Perspective Information: As part of testing eligibility of students receiving Title I services, a sample twenty students was selected. Test scores were reviewed to determine eligibility in accordance with procedures established by the District. The District did not have access to score information for one of the students that was selected.

Repeat Finding: No

Recommendation: The District should maintain eligibility paperwork for all students receiving Title I services. Additionally, the District should maintain a written determination/evaluation/recommendation and review showing that each student is eligible based on the criteria established by the District.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions: The District will maintain eligibility paperwork for all students receiving Title I services. The District will maintain a written determination/evaluation/recommendation and review showing that each student is eligible based on criteria established by the District.

### **Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings**

2020-001

Compliance with New York State Real Property Tax Law

Condition: The unassigned fund balance of the general fund exceeds 4% of the 2020-21 general fund budget.

Recommendation: The District should develop a plan regarding how to address and use the excess in future years.

### Current Status

This comment is repeated as 2021-001

Reason for Recurrence: Due to the uncertainly of the economy and state aid, the need for appropriated fund balance might need to increase.

2020-002

Compliance with Yearly Child Nutrition Eligibility Verification Procedures

Condition: Yearly verification requirements for free and reduced price meals eligibility was completed and submitted subsequent to the December 15, 2019 deadline.

### **Current Status**

In prior years, the District provided services to two locations that did not qualify for the Community Eligibility Provision (CEP) and was required to perform verification procedures for those locations. During the year ended June 30, 2021, the District only provided services to a CEP certified location and was not required to perform eligibility verification procedures. The finding is not required to be repeated.